| Course Title Course Code | : | Economics of Culture and Creativity CLA9005 |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| No. of Credits/Semester | : | 3 |
| Mode of Tuition | : | Lectures and Tutorials |
| Class Contact Hours | : | 3 hours per week |
| Category in Major Prog. | : | Creativity and Innovation Cluster |
| Prerequisite | : | N/A |
| Instructor | : | Dr. Wang Yonglin, Laura (<u>yonglinwang@ln.edu.hk</u>) |
| Lecture | : | Tuesday 13:30-15:30 |
| Tutorial | : | Thursday 12:30 or 15:30 |

I. Brief Course Description:

This course builds a solid foundation for students to apply economic theories to study the arts, culture and the protection of intellectual property rights. Various concepts of "culture" will be explored. Special characteristics and factors that determine the supply and demand of cultural goods and the market structures for cultural goods and productions will be discussed.

The student will be introduced to the concepts of externalities, private and public goods, and various theories of value to illustrate the impact and limitations of cultural policy and public subsidy. The role of culture and cultural heritage in economic development will be explained. Further illustrations will be found in the introduction to the economics of museums and performing arts. The role of the protection of intellectual property rights in the economics of creativity will also be examined.

II. <u>Aims:</u>

The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the fundamental concepts in cultural economics and the economics of creativity. It aims at equipping students with the necessary tools to critically analyze the economic aspects of the creative industries and cultural activities.

III. Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the basic theories in the economics of culture and related public policies.
- 2. apply economic concepts to the analysis of creative industries and innovation activities.
- 3. comprehend and explain the advantages and limitations of the protection of intellectual property rights.

IV. <u>Measurement of Learning Outcomes:</u>

- 1. The final examination assesses both students' practical knowledge as well as their analytical skills in the topics covered in class. (LOs 1-3)
- 2. Writing and presentation of group term paper test the ability of students working as a team in researching current developments in creative industries and cultural policy in Hong Kong

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and elsewhere, and their ability to present and defend their ideas/arguments. (LOs 1-3)

V. <u>Teaching Method:</u>

Lectures, tutorial discussions, and presentations.

VI. <u>Assessments:</u>

Continuous assessment: 60%

| Class participation | 10% |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Group presentation | 25% |
| Written group term paper | 25% |

Final Exam: 40%

VII. Indicative Contents and Teaching Schedule¹:

| Lecture | Topics |
|---------|--|
| 1 | Introduction: Some Economic Theories Used in Cultural Economics |
| 2 | Economic Profile of the Cultural Sector |
| 3 | Economic Organization of Markets in the Creative Industries |
| 4 | Production, Costs and the Supply of Cultural Goods and Services |
| 5 | Consumption, Participation, and Demand for Cultural Goods and Services |
| 6 | Welfare Economics and Public Finance |
| 7 | Economics of the Performing Arts |
| 8 | Economics of Cultural Heritage and Cultural Policy |
| 9 | Economics of Artists' Labour Markets |
| 10 | Economics of Copyright |
| 11 | Economics of Creative Industries |
| 12 | Economics of Film Industries |
| 13 | Economics of Broadcasting and Book Publishing Industries |

VIII. <u>Required Readings:</u>

1.Ruth Towse, A *Textbook of Cultural Economics*, New York: Cambridge University Press, 2010, available online at Library.

Recommended/Supplementary Readings

- Caves, R.E. *Creative industries: contracts between art and commerce*, Cambridge, Mass.; London: Harvard University Press, 2000
- Gingsburg, R.S. and David Throsby, *Handbook of the Economics of Art and Culture*, Elsevier, 2009.
- Guiso, Luigi, Paola Sapienza, and Luigi Zingales, "Does Culture Affect Economic Outcomes?" *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 20(2), pp. 23-48, 2006.
- Heilbrun, J. and Charles M. Gray, The economics of art and culture, 2nd New York: Cambridge

¹ Indicative Contents and Teaching Schedule are subject to change.

University Press, 2001.

- *Journal of Cultural Economics*, Published in cooperation with The Association for Cultural Economics International, Springer, US.
- *Journal of Economic Development and Cultural Change*, Published by the University of Chicago Press, US.
- Lerner, Josh, Felda Hardymon and Ann Leamon, *Venture Capital and Private Equity: A Casebook*, 4th edition, Wiley, 2009.

Metric, Andrew, Venture Capital and the Finance of Innovation, Wiley, 2006.

Pratt, A.C. and Paul Jeffcutt, *Creativity, Innovation and the Cultural Economy*, Routledge, 2009. Throsby, C. David. *Economics and culture*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001.

IX. Assessment Rubrics:

Rubrics for Final Examination (40%)

| Dimensions | Excellent (A, | Good | Fair (C+ to | Pass (D+, D) | Failure |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | A-) | (B+ to B- | C-) | | |
| | |) | | | |
| Demonstrate | Able to | Able to | Able to | Able to | Demonstrates |
| familiarity | demonstrate a | demonstr | demonstr | demonstrate a | an inadequate |
| with the | thorough | ate good | ate basic | limited | level of |
| concepts and | understanding | understanding | understanding | understanding | understanding |
| theories of | of the | of the | of the | of the concepts | of the concepts |
| economics of | concepts and | concepts and | concepts and | and theories of | and theories of |
| culture and | theories of | theories of | theories of | economics of | economics of |
| creativity | economics of | economics of | economics of | culture and | culture and |
| (15%) | culture and | culture and | culture and | creativity | |
| | creativity | creativity | creativity | | creativity |
| Apply | Demonstrate | Demonstrate | Demonstrate | Able to | Fail to |
| economic | proficient | good ability | basic ability | demonstrate | demonstrate |
| theories to | ability to | to apply | to apply | some ability | the basic |
| real-world | apply | economic | economic | to apply | ability to |
| problems | economic | theories to | theories to | economic | apply |
| relating to | theories to | real- world | real- world | theories to | economic |
| culture and | real- world | problems | problems | real- world | theories to |
| creativity | problems | | | problems | real- world |
| (20%) | | | | | problems |
| Articulation | English | English is | English | English is | English is |
| (5%) | is | proficient | conveys the | below | below |
| | consisten | with no | essential | acceptable | acceptable |
| | tly | major errors | meaning but | university | university |
| | excellent | 5 | contains a | standard | standard |
| | | | number of | | |
| | | | errors | | |

The final examination be graded according to its specific marking scheme.

Rubrics for group presentation (25%)

| | Excellent (A, A-) | Good (B+ to B-) | Fair (C+ to C-) | Pass (D+, D) | Failure |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Organization (5%) | Argument is presented in logical, interesting and organized manner | Argument is presented in logical and organized manner | Argument is presented in organized manner | Argument lacks organization, or logic | Presents materials in an illogical way that is hard to understand and boring to watch |
| Knowledge (10%) | Demonstrati on of clear analysis and good grasp of knowledge in presentation and responding to questions | Demonstratio n of good grasp of knowledge in presentation and responding to questions | Demonstratio n of grasp of knowledge in presentation and responding to questions | Insufficient demonstratio n of knowledge in presentation and responding to questions | Shows little or no grasp of the topics; includes little or no relevant information from reliable external sources |
| Presentation aids (5%) | Presentation aids contain practically no grammatical or spelling errors | Presentation aids contain no more than a small number of grammatical or spelling errors | Presentation aids contain many grammatical or spelling errors | Presentation aids contain an extraordinaril y large number of grammatical or spelling errors | Does not use any or poorly uses tools (slides/ handouts/ |
| Commun ication skills and quality of English (5%) | Excellent voice, grammar, pronunciation, and eye contact that retain attention of audience | Good voice, grammar, pronunciation and eye contact that retain attention of audience | Fair voice, grammar, pronunciation and eye contact | Poor voice, grammar, pronunciation or eye contact | Presents with weak voice, negative tone, many incorrect pronunciatio ns, bad image |

Rubrics for written group term paper (25%)

| Criteria | Excellent | Good (B+ | Fair (C+ to | Pass (D+, | Failure |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| | (A, A-) | to B-) | C-) | D) | |
| Organization (5%) | (A, A-) Extremely well organized Introduces the purpose of the presentation clearly and creatively Effectively includes smooth, clever transitions which are succinct but not choppy in order to connect key points Student presents information in logical, interesting sequence which reader can follow Ends with an accurate conclusion showing thoughtful, strong evaluation of the evidence presented Presentation has no misspellings or grammatical | to B-)Generally well organizedIntroduces the purpose of the presentation clearlyInclude transitions to connect key points but better transitions from idea to idea are notedMost information is presented in logical sequence; A few minor points may be confusingEnds with summary of main points showing some evaluation of the evidence presentedPresentation has few misspellings and/or grammatical errors | C-) Somewhat organized Introduces the purpose of the presentation Includes some transitions to connect key points but there is difficulty in following presentation Student jumps around topics Several points are confusing Ends with a summary or conclusion; little evidence of evaluating content based on evidence Presentation has several misspellings and/or grammatical errors | D) Poor organization Introduces the purpose of the presentation poorly Uses ineffective transitions that rarely connect points; cannot understand presentation because there is no sequence for information Presentation is choppy and disjointed; no apparent logical order of presentation has many spelling errors and/or grammatical errors | Non- existent organization Does not clearly introduce purpose of the presentation Has no transition with no connection of points; cannot understand presentation because there is no sequence for information Presentation is choppy and disjointed; no logical order of presentation Ends without a summary or conclusion Student's presentation has many spelling errors and/or grammatical errors |

| | ~ 1 | | I | | |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Content: | Student | For the | | Explanations | No |
| Depth and | provides an | most part, | Explanations | of concepts | reference is |
| Accuracy | accurate and | explanations | of concepts | and/or | made to |
| (5%) | complete | of concepts | and/or | theories are | literature or |
| | explanation | and theories | theories are | inaccurate or | theory. |
| | of key | are accurate | inaccurate or | absent. | Thesis not |
| | concepts and | and | incomplete; | Thesis not | clear; |
| | theories, | complete. | Little attempt | clear; | information |
| | drawing | Some helpful | is made to tie | information | included |
| | upon | applications | in theory. | included | that does not |
| | relevant | of theory are | There is a | that hardly | support the |
| | literature | included | great deal of | support the | thesis in any |
| | Applications | | information | thesis | way |
| | of theory are | Presents | that is not | | |
| | included to | evidence of | connected to | Presents | Presents no |
| | illuminate | valid research | the | little | evidence of |
| | issues | with multiple | presentation | evidence of | valid research |
| | | sources | thesis | valid research | |
| | Provides | Combines | | | Shows no |
| | evidence of | existing ideas | Presents | Shows | evidence of |
| | extensive and | to form new | evidence of | little | the |
| | valid research | insights | research with | evidence of | combination |
| | with multiple | - | sources | the | of ideas |
| | and varied | No | | combination | |
| | sources | significant | Combines | of ideas | |
| | | errors are | existing | | Information |
| | Combines | made; a few | ideas | Information | included is |
| | and evaluates | inconsistencie | | included is | sufficiently |
| | existing ideas | s or errors in | Enough | sufficiently | inaccurate |
| | to form new | information | errors are | inaccurate | that the |
| | insights | | made to | that the | reader |
| | | | distract a | reader cannot | cannot |
| | | | knowledgeab | depend on | depend on |
| | Information | | le reader, but | the | the |
| | was | | some | presentation | presentation |
| | completely | | information | as a source of | as a source |
| | accurate; all | | is accurate | accurate | of accurate |
| | names and | | | information | information |
| | facts were | | | | |
| | precise and | | | | |
| | explicit | | | | |
| | - | | | | |

| | XX 7 / 1 | D'1 | TT 1.1 | DIL | |
|------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Research | Went above | Did a very | Used the | Did not | No attempt |
| Effort | and beyond to | good job of | material | utilize | is made to |
| (5%) | research | researching; | provided in | resources | utilize |
| | information; | utilized | an acceptable | effectively; | resources ; |
| | solicited | materials | manner, but | did little or | did little or |
| | material in | provided to | did not | no fact | no fact |
| | addition to | their full | consult any | gathering on | gathering on |
| | what was | potential; | additional | the topic | the topic |
| | provided; | solicited | resources | | |
| | brought in | adequate | | | |
| | personal ideas | resources to | | | |
| | and | enhance | | | |
| | information to | project; at | | | |
| | enhance | times took the | | | |
| | project; and | initiative to | | | |
| | utilized | find | | | |
| | substantial | information | | | |
| | resources to | outside of | | | |
| | make project | school | | | |
| | effective | ~ 1 | ~ | ~ | |
| Citation | Clear and | Clear and | Some | Sparse | No citations |
| of sources | thorough | thorough | missing | citations | |
| (2%) | citations | citations | citations | | |
| | with | | | | |
| | consistent | | | | |
| | format | ~ | | D1 | |
| Creativity | Used the | Some | Little | Bland, | No variety |
| (5%) | unexpected | originality | variation; a | predictable, | or creative |
| | to full | apparent; | few original | and lacked | energy used |
| | advantage; | clever at | touches but | "zip" | |
| | very | times; | for the most | repetitive | |
| | original, | good variety | part material | with little | |
| | clever, and | and blending | presented | variety; | |
| | creative | of materials | with little | little creative | |
| | approach | /media | originality or | energy used | |
| | that captures | | interpretation | | |
| | reader's | | | | |
| Orall'A f | attention | En all'all' | Example 1 | The all all i | En aliat i |
| Quality of | English is | English is | English | English is | English is |
| English | consistently | proficient | conveys the | below | below |
| (3%) | excellent | with no major | essential | acceptable | acceptable |
| | | errors | meaning but | university | university |
| | | | contains a | standard | standard |
| | | | number of | | |
| | | | errors | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Criteria | Excellent (A, | Good (B+ to | Fair (C+ to | Pass (D+, | Failure |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | A-) | B-) | C-) | D) | |
| Quality of Comments (5%) | Volunteers timely and appropriate comments, thoughtful and reflective, responds respectfully to other student's remarks, provokes questions and comments | Volunteers comments, most are relevant and reflect some thoughtfulness, may or may not lead to other questions from students | offers a comment when directly questioned, | Rarely participates and offers a comment when directly questioned, may simply restate questions or points previously raised, may add nothing new to the discussion or provoke no responses or question | class discussions and activities; only passively responds even when invited |
| Active Listening (5%) | Posture, demeanor and behavior clearly demonstrate respect and attentiveness to others | Listens to others most of the time, may not stay focused on other's comments or loses continuity of discussion | Disrespectful of other when they are speaking | Ignores others' remarks | Ignores others' remarks |

Rubrics for Participation (10%)

Important Notes:

- (1) Students are expected to spend a total of 9 hours (i.e. 3 hours of class contact and 6 hours of personal study) per week to achieve the course learning outcomes.
- (2) Students shall be aware of the University regulations about dishonest practice in course work, tests and examinations, and the possible consequences as stipulated in the Regulations Governing University Examinations. In particular, plagiarism, being a kind of dishonest practice, is "the presentation of another person's work without proper acknowledgement of the source, including exact phrases, or summarized ideas, or even footnotes/citations, whether protected by copyright or not, as the student's own work". Students are required to strictly follow university regulations governing academic integrity and honesty.
- (3) Students are required to submit writing assignment(s) using Turnitin.

To enhance students' understanding of plagiarism, a mini-course "Online Tutorial on Plagiarism Awareness" is available on https://pla.ln.edu.hk/

Annex A

Supplementary Requirements and Information about Group Presentation and the Term Paper

A term paper discussing one of the selected topics will assess students' overall understanding and applications of concepts and theories in cultural economics introduced in the course. Each group is required to write, submit a term paper based on any topics covered in lectures.

1. The group presentation:

- 1.1. Each student should participate in the presentation.
- 1.2. The presentation will last for 30 minutes.
- 1.3. The presentation will be graded **according to the individual's performance**
- 1.4. The presentation may include but not limited to:
 - i. Title
 - ii. Introduction
 - iii. Literature review (if any)
 - iv. A summary of the history and development of the chosen cultural sector in one country/region.
 - v. A comparison of the development /outlook of the chosen cultural sector across countries/regions
 - vi. Discussions: What is the underlying economics? Can you analyze the economic aspects of the creative industries and cultural activities?

2. The term paper:

Based on the presentation, each group is required to write and submit a term paper based on a chosen topic. The term paper should be an illustration and an extension of the presentation, with details provided, and is written in a systematic way. Students are required to analyze the economic aspects of the creative industries and cultural activities. In writing the paper, students must use their own words. Each group member should equally contribute to the term paper.

- 2.1. The paper should be 3,000 to 4,000 words in length (not including references).
- 2.2. The paper should be written in Times New Roman, font size 12, and double space.

- 2.3. The paper may include but not limited to:
- i. Cover Page (Title and group members)
- ii. Contents (specify each member's contribution)
- iii. Abstract
- iv. Literature review (if any)
- v. A summary of history and development of the chosen cultural sector in one country/region
- vi. A comparison of the development/outlook of the chosen cultural sector across countries/regions
- vii. Discussions and Conclusion
- viii. Reference

Appendix:

Turnitin report

- The soft copy must be submitted at Moodle and must be checked against plagiarism using Turnitin.
- <u>The term paper should be submitted to Moodle before the specified deadline (TBC)</u>. There will be no extensions. Late submission will be given zero mark.